

Conversations between Loosely Coupled Systems

Gregor Hohpe

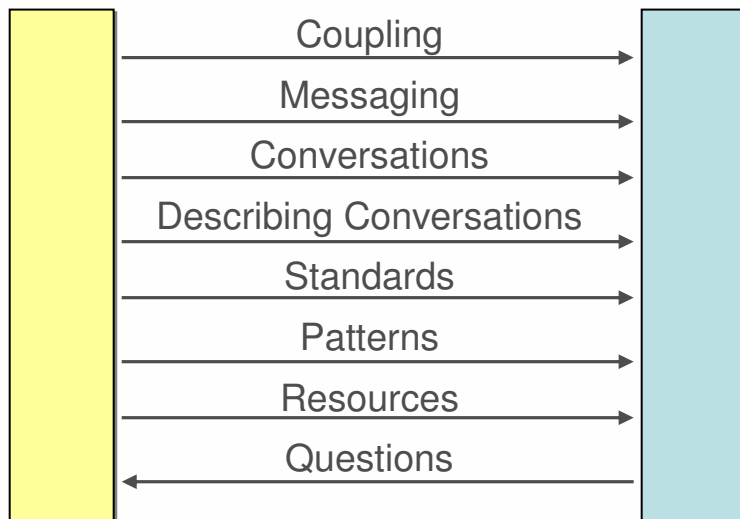


gregor@hohpe.com



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Today's Conversation



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Coupling (Once Again)

- Looser Coupling
- = Fewer Dependencies
- = More Independent Variability

*"How do you make two systems loosely coupled?
Don't connect them."*

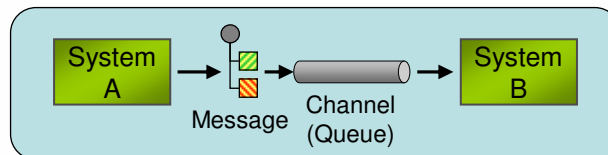
-- David Orchard, BEA

Technology Dependency
Location Dependency
Data Format Dependency
Semantic Dependency
Temporal Dependency
Interaction Style Dependency



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Messaging



The Poster Child of Loose Coupling

- Systems communicate via Channels → Level of indirection
- Location-independent channel names → Location decoupling
- "Fire-and-forget" → Temporal decoupling
- Simplified interaction → Conversational decoupling



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

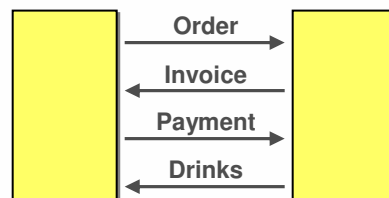
So Far, So Good, But...

- Messaging is loosely coupled, composable, elegant, scalable etc.
- But is sending a simple message enough?
- Multi-step Interactions
 - quote, order, shipment, invoice, payment, refund
- Distributed Transactions
 - 2-phase commit, long-running transactions
- Error handling
 - compensation, retry



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Conversation = Series of Related Messages



- Conversations can span seconds, hours, days
- Multiple conversation instances at the same time
- Messages belonging to one conversation are correlated (typically through identifier)



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Why Do We Care?

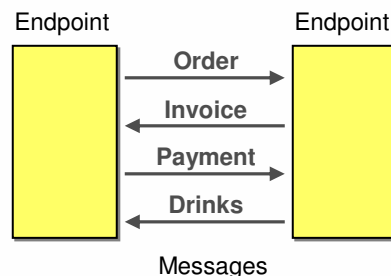
- OOAD focuses on structural aspects of the solution (inheritance, composition, aggregation)
- SOA shifts attention to interaction (messaging, stateless servers)
- Messages are expensive
- Part of an expressive contract between parties
- Conversation rules impact coupling



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Describing Conversations

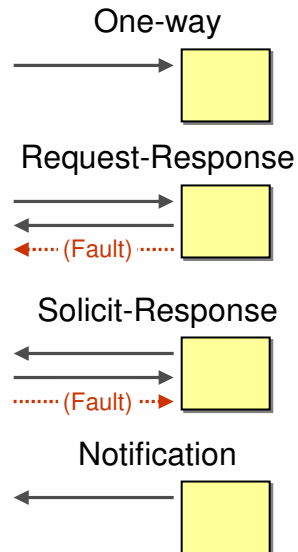
- Message Exchange Patterns
- Endpoint Process
- Choreography
- Temporal Logic



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

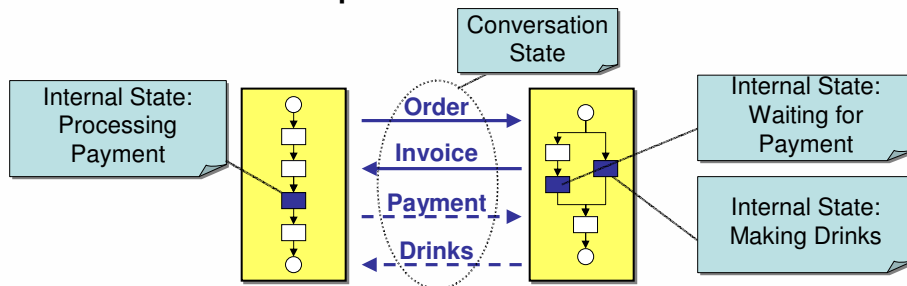
Message Exchange Patterns

- Perspective of Service Provider
- Single Requestor
- Described as linear sequence of input-output elements
- Documented by Example
- Part of WSDL 1.1
- More in WSDL 2.0



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Endpoint Processes



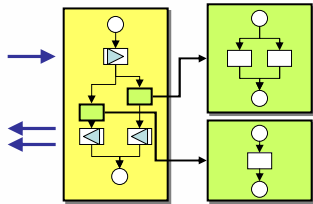
- A process supports the desired exchange of messages through send and receive activities
- Each conversation corresponds to one process instance
- Each participant has a (potentially different) process definition



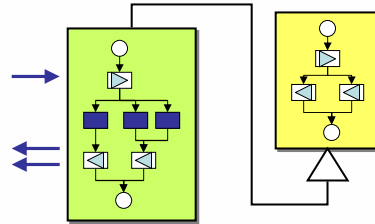
MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Public and Private Processes

- The private process is more complex than the public process
- Details of the private process may not be shared



Public process sends & receives messages and invokes private processes through orchestration



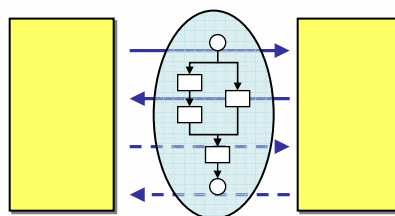
Process "Inheritance" – verify compliance of a private process with a public process template (Wil v.d. Aalst)



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Choreography

Conversation State

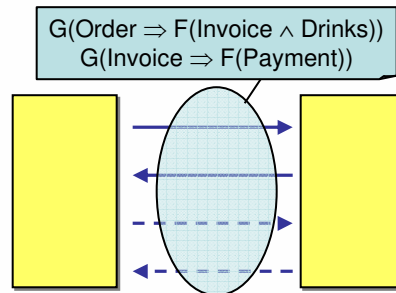


- Describe the interaction as a flow of messages: sequence, parallel, choice
- Conversational state machine
- Generate endpoint processes from the conversation model
- Not limited to 2 participants



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Temporal Logic



- Describes rules of the conversation as predicates
- Operators X (next), G (globally), U (until), F (eventually)
- Declarative
- Can be used to verify message exchanges



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Standards – WS-BPEL

- Business Process Execution Language
- Process-oriented Composition
- Describe endpoint processes
- Executable through process engine
- Composite service exposed via WSDL
- Sending and receiving of messages, control constructs, control links
- Correlation, compensation, dead path elimination

```
<process/>
<partnerLinks/>
<correlations/>

<invoke/>
<receive/>
<reply/>

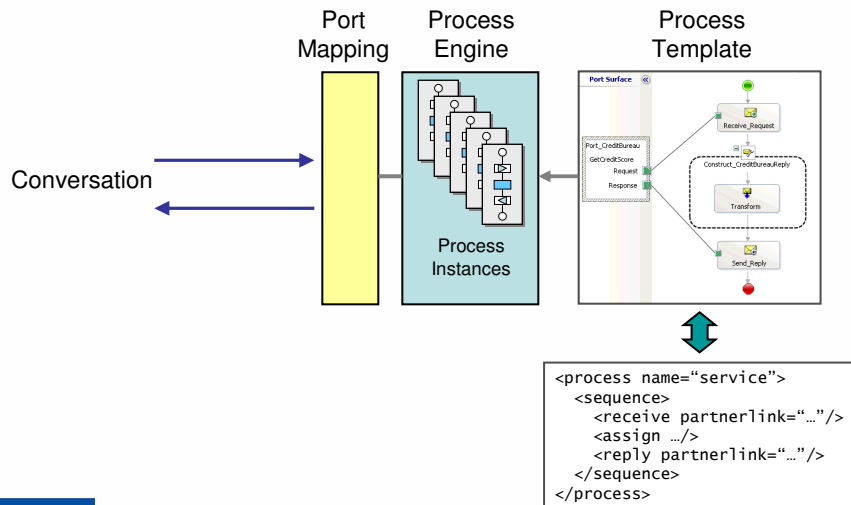
<sequence/>
<switch/>
<flow/>
<while/>
<pick/>

<catch/>
<compensate/>
```



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

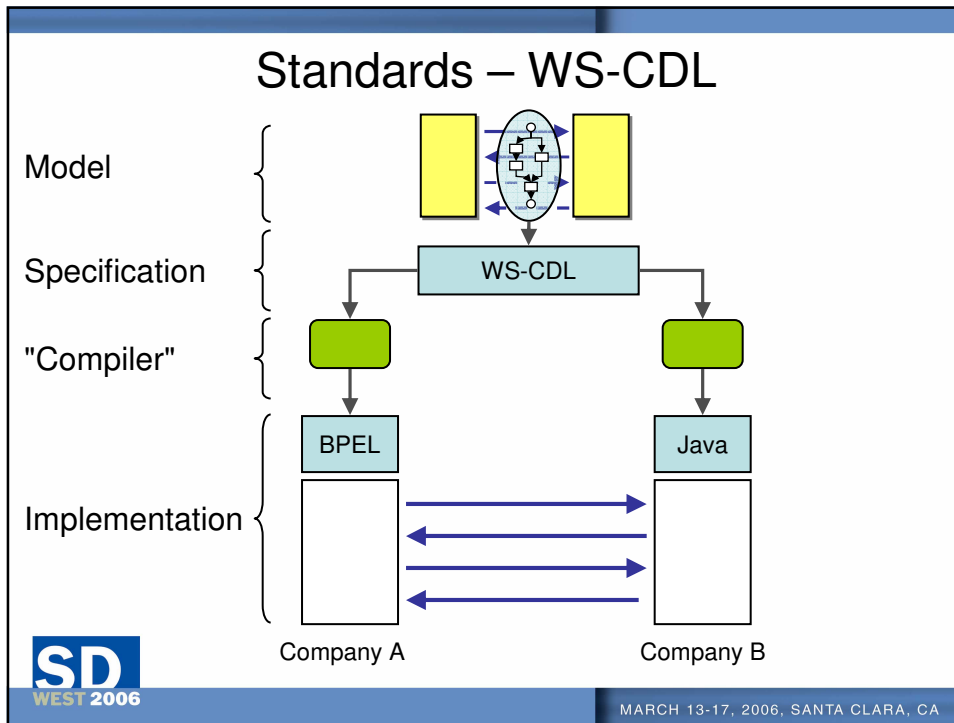
Standards – WS-BPEL



Standards – WS-CDL

- Choreography Description Language
- Used to describe conversation “activities”
- Declarative, not executable, can be used to validate
- Generate endpoint processes
- Global view of all interactions between participants
- Time-out, extracting tokens from messages

- Roles
- Relationships
- Work Units
- Activities
 - Sequence
 - Parallel
 - Choice
- Interaction
 - Channel
 - From / To
 - Operation



Specification - SSDL

- SOAP Service Description Language
- Multiple Protocol Frameworks
 - MEP
 - CSP
 - Rules
 - Sequencing Constraints
- www.ssd.org

```

<rls:rule>
  <ssdl:msgref ref="Invoice" direction="out" />
  <rls:condition>
    <rls:and>
      <ssdl:msgref ref="Order" direction="in" />
      <rls:not>
        <ssdl:msgref ref="Invoice" direction="out" />
      </rls:not>
    </rls:and>
  </rls:condition>
</rls:rule>
            
```

SD WEST 2006 | MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Description Languages

- Provide syntax and base vocabulary to express conversations
- Are intended for consumption by machines
- Enable a broad range of solutions
- Do not tell us how to design a "good" conversation
- Or for that matter, what distinguishes a "good" conversation from a "bad" one



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Conversation Patterns

- Provide vocabulary at a higher level of abstraction
- Are intended for consumption by humans
- Investigate a specific usage scenario at a time
- Catalog common scenarios and offer solutions
- Focus on design intent and trade-offs

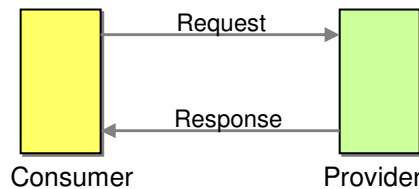
"A pattern is a mind-sized chunk of information"

--Ward Cunningham

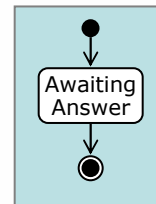


MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Request-Reply



Conversation State Chart

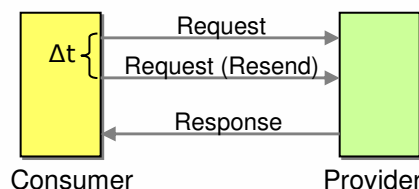


- Simplest conversation
- Single Conversation state: waiting for reply, complete
- More complicated once error conditions considered

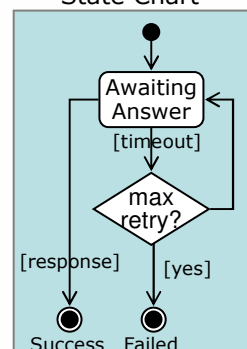


MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Request-Reply with Retry



Conversation State Chart

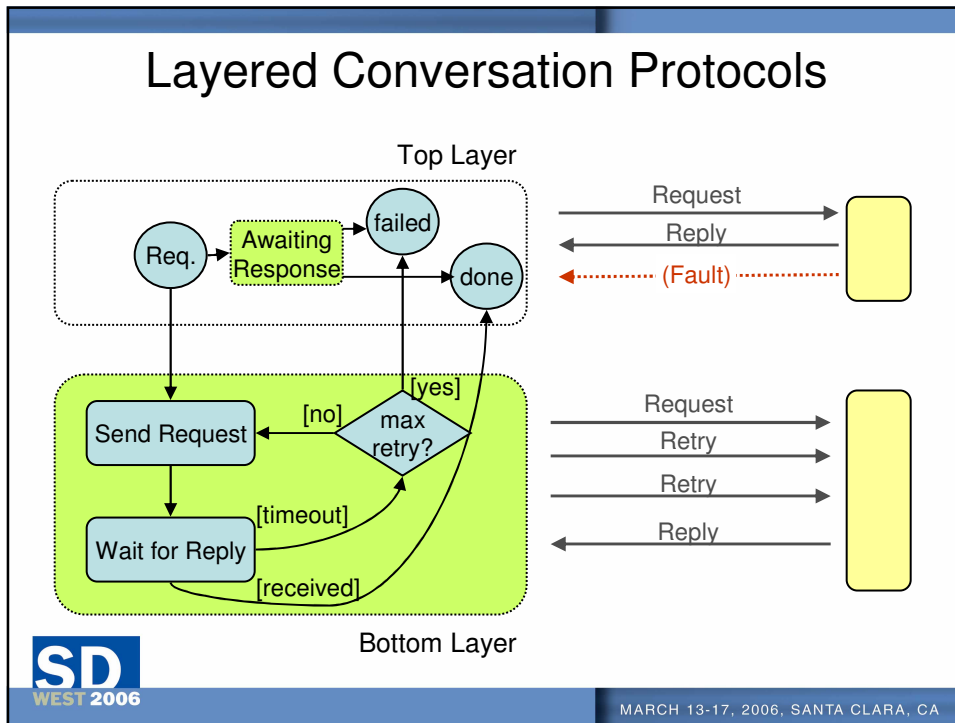


- Sender can repeat request n times
- Provider has to be idempotent
- Sender might receive responses after it gave up
- Example: RosettaNet Implementation Framework (RNIF)

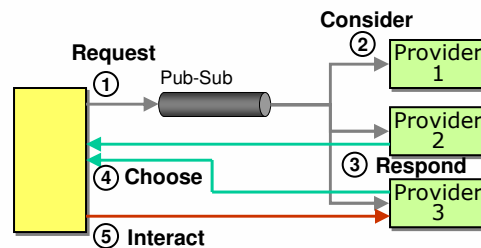


MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Layered Conversation Protocols

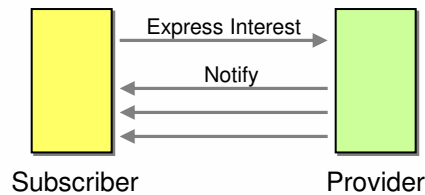


Dynamic Discovery



1. Broadcast request for provider
2. Provider(s) consider whether to respond (load, suitability)
3. Interested providers send responses
4. Requestor chooses "best" provider from responses
5. Requestor initiates interaction with chosen provider
 - Examples: DHCP, TIBCO Repository discovery

Subscribe-Notify (Multi-responses)



- Subscriber expresses interest in receiving notifications
- Subscriber receives messages until a stop condition is reached:
 - Subscriber sends a stop request
 - A deadline is reached without the subscriber renewing interest
 - Subscriber does not respond to requests from provider
 - Provider notifies subscriber of end of transmission

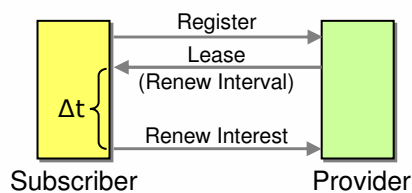
Example: WS-Eventing, WS-Notification



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

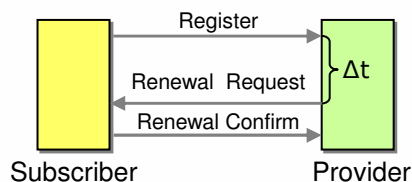
Renewing Interest

Automatic Expiration



- “Lease” model
- Heartbeat / keep-alive
- Subscriber has to renew actively
- Example: Jini

Renewal Request

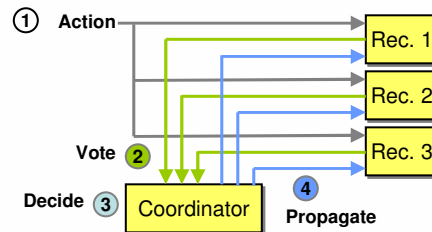


- “Magazine Model”
- Subscriber can be simple
- Provider has to manage state for each subscriber



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Reaching Consensus



- Coordinated conversation
- Coordinator tracks responses from each participant, makes a decision and then broadcasts the decision
- Example:
 - Two-phase commit

Summary

- Interaction steps into the foreground
- New languages to describe conversations
- Process-focused or declarative
- New set of design patterns
- Focus on motivation and forces over language syntax

Resources - Print



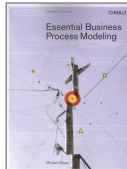
[Enterprise Integration Patterns](#)

Gregor Hohpe, Bobby Woolf
Addison-Wesley, 2004



[Web Services](#)

Alonso et al.
Springer, 2004



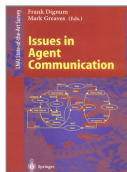
[Essential Business Process Modeling](#)

Havey
O'Reilly, 2005



[Service-Oriented Architecture](#)

Erl
Prentice Hall, 2005



[Issues in Agent Communication](#)

Dignum (Ed.)
Springer, 2000



[Business Process Execution Language](#)

Juric
Packt, 2006



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA

Resources - Online

- www.eaipatterns.com/ramblings.html
 - My Blog
- www.serviceinteraction.com
 - Animated interaction patterns
- www.conversationpatterns.com
 - To go live soon
- www.ssd1.org

I'm Feeling Lucky



MARCH 13-17, 2006, SANTA CLARA, CA